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### AFTER CARE INSTRUCTIONS for MYELLEVATE NECK CONTOURING

### MEDICATIONS

- Take over-the-counter Tylenol (acetaminophen) on a scheduled basis (Ex.: 650mg every 4 hours, or 1000mg every 6 hours) starting on your day of surgery. *If you have liver problems, do not take acetaminophen, unless you have discussed this with your doctor.*
- DO NOT TAKE MORE THAN 4000 mg of acetaminophen per day.
- Ibuprofen (i.e., Advil, Motrin) or naproxen (Aleve) may be started the same day as your surgery and may be used together with acetaminophen. However, do not use ibuprofen or naproxen if you have had problems with stomach ulcers, kidney problems or if you have been told by a doctor not to use nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs).
- Wean yourself off acetaminophen and/or ibuprofen/naproxen as soon as you are able.
- You may resume taking your routine medications, unless your physician instructs you differently.

### DIET

- You may resume your normal diet.
- Drink plenty of fluids/ water (eight 8-ounce glasses a day).

### **COMPRESSION GARMENTS**

- You will be given a compression neck strap and a soft neck collar for compression.
- Wear your neck compression strap and soft neck brace 24 hours/day for 3 days. Then, wear just the soft neck brace 24 hours/day for 7 more days. You may remove it while keeping your jaw line parallel to the floor (looking straight forward, no looking down).
- You may remove the strap and brace to shower and to wash it as needed, after approval by your surgeon. You should replace the wrap immediately.
- You may need help removing and replacing the wrap or brace the first few times.
- While the strap and brace should be snug, it should not be so tight that it makes it difficult for you to breathe or swallow.
- If the strap or brace irritates your skin, you may find it more comfortable to pad the irritated areas with something *clean* and soft, or contact your surgeon, as it may be able to be modified.

## ACTIVITY

- **LIMITATIONS**: Do not turn your neck from side to side for 1 week. After 1 week, you may gently begin to do slow side-to-side stretching exercises.
- **SHOWER:** You may shower 1 to 2 days after surgery.
  - Do not direct water stream directly at face or neck.
  - Do **NOT** soak, take a tub bath, or swim for 3 weeks, if you have sutures that need to be removed, or if there are any openings in the incisions.
- If you have paper tape or Steri-Strips over the incisions, do NOT remove them. You may still shower with them. Gently pat them dry and let your skin air dry before redressing. The tape/Steri-Strips will be removed in the office.
- SHAVING: Do not shave for 10 days post-surgery. Hair trimming/ hair clipping is acceptable.
- **SLEEPING:** Sleep with your head and neck elevated, and with the soft neck brace in place.

- **EXERCISE**: Do **NOT** do any strenuous activity or exercise/ activities (running, weightlifting, aerobics) for 3 weeks. After you start exercising, go slowly over 1 to 2 weeks until you are comfortable with more strenuous exercises.
- Use caution when bending forward.

#### WHAT TO EXPECT

- The area will feel tight (like the elastic string from a party hat) for 2 weeks.
- Discomfort for 1-2 weeks.
- Drainage from the incision sites on the first 1 to 2 days. This is normal. You may cover with gauze and secure with paper tape.
- If there are any non-absorbable sutures, they will be removed in 1 week after your surgery.
- Decreased sensation (numbness, tingling) in the area treated. This is normal. It may take several months for full sensation to return.
- The treated areas will feel swollen and bruised, and you may feel some burning.
- Bruising, which may get worse for 1 to 2 days and last for several weeks.
- Swelling may last for 2 months or more. This is NORMAL.
- Please be patient as it takes 6-12 months, or more, to see your final results from liposuction.
- You may have loose skin that requires additional skin tightening treatments, such as RF.

#### SCAR MANAGEMENT

See Incision and Scar Care instructions.

#### WHEN TO CALL DR. GUTOWSKI or DR. MARTIN:

- Fever over 100.5° F for 2 readings taken 4 hours apart.
- Marked increase in redness, swelling, or pain around incision.
- Any excessive bleeding or drainage from your incisions.
- Pain that is not relieved by prescription medication.
- Persistent problems with nausea or vomiting.
- CHEST PAIN or TROUBLE BREATHING: CALL 911 or go to an Emergency Room.